10 TIPS FOR AFRICAN CITIES to help limit global warming to 1.5°C

Africa is the continent most vulnerable to the impacts of climate change.

The 2018 IPCC Special Report calls for urgent and ambitious action to be taken to KEEP GIODAL Warming below 1.5°C

Africa's urban population is projected to rise from **33MIL - 744MIL - 1.2 BIL** (1950) (2030) (2050) **Research shows that 84 of the world's** 100 fastest-growing cities are at extreme

100 fastest-growing cities are at extreme risk from climate change, and that 79 of these are in Africa.



The Urban Low Emission Development Strategies (Urban-LEDS II) project works with local governments to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, with the aim of limiting global warming to 1.5°C. Urban-LEDS II mainstreams climate action into existing policies, enhances multi-level governance, and improves capacity to develop and finance climate projects.

• I.C. L.E.I Local Governments for Sustainability FOR A B



Here are 10 WAYS that African cities can limit global warming and adapt to a warmer world:





SUPPORT IOCALISED CLIMATE RESEARCH AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF early warning systems THAT INFORM AWARENESS, PUBLIC POLICY AND INVESTMENTS



THAT INCENTIVISE ASHIEL COMPACT AND PEDESTRIANISED CITIES with a MULTI-MODAL TRANSPORT SYSTEM of walking, cycling and public transport



Disclaimer: The sole responsibility for the content of this publication lies with the authors. It does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the European Union. The European Commission is not responsible for any use that may be made of the information contained therein.

References:

1. IPCC Special Report on Global Warming of 1.5 °C (https://www.ipcc.ch/sr15/)

2. Summary for Urban Policymakers (https://www.ipcc.ch/site/assets/uploads/sites/2/2018/12/SPM-for-cities.pdf)

3. Report by Verisk Maplecroft (https://www.maplecroft.com/insights/analysis/84-of-worlds-fastest-growing-cities-face-extreme-climate-change-risks/)